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PART I.

Notifications by the Govt. of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

GENERAL.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 6th December 1892.

No. 7900—R. F. 96-92.—Under the provisions of Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act X of 1870, it is hereby declared that the lands described in the annexed schedule are needed for a public purpose, that is, for building a Sandal-oil Distillery at Hunsur.

District.	Taluk.	Hobli.	Village.	Name of Holder.	Description.	Survey No.	Area required.		Assessment.	Boundaries.			
							A.	G.		East.	West.	South.	North.
Mysore.	Hunsur.	Kirijaji.	Doddah Hunsur.	Bahudin Saib, bin Mohadin Sahib.	Dry.	141	..	33	0 12 0	Old channel of Ramenahalli.	River.	Reserved ground of high road.	Way from Mochi Karkhana to the river.
					Garden.	Do	1	21	5 4 0				
					Dry.	142	8	26	7 0 0	Do	Do	Way from Mochi Karkhana to the river.	Survey No. 143.
							11	..	13 0 0				

The 16th December 1892.

No. 8766—R. F. 161-92.—Add after the words “till his policy matures” in line 2 of Rule 26 of the Rules for the Mysore State Life Insurance the words “or when an officer of the Mysore Government is transferred to Foreign Service under the provisions of Section 388 of The Mysore Service Regulations.” Thus modified the Rule 26 will read as follows :—

“26. When an Insured, who has ceased to be in the service of the Government, is permitted to pay premium till his policy matures or when an Officer of the Mysore Government is transferred to Foreign Service under the provisions of Section 388 of the Mysore Service Regulations, he may be allowed by the Committee to pay such premium, monthly, quarterly, half yearly, or yearly into any Treasury of the Mysore Government. A grace of 15 days shall be allowed when the premium is payable monthly, and a grace of one month when it is paid otherwise. If the Insured fails to pay the premium within the days of grace, no further cash payments shall be received from him, but the arrears due and all future premiums shall be treated as a debt against his policy and recovered with compound interest at 5 per cent from his bonus.”

The 19th December 1892.

No. 8982—R. 1133-92.—Under the provisions of Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act X of 1870, it is hereby declared that the undermentioned land is required for a public purpose, that is, for the extension of the Town of Nanjangud :—

General No.	District.	Taluk.	Town.	Name of the Owner.	Survey No.	Extent required.			Assessment.		Boundaries.	
						A.	G.	Y.	Rs.	A. P.		
1	Mysore.	Nanjangud.	Nanjangud.	Talvar Chikkamada.	1067 dry land.	3	3	67	5	7	0	East.—By Survey No. 1068. South.—Setti Linga's field. West.—Channel. North.—Inam land of Talvar.
					1068 dry land.	..	23	67	0	8	4	East.—Inam field, No. 858. South.—Backyard of Ankegauda's house. West.—Land No. 1067 above described. North.—Sarkar waste land.
					858 dry land.	..	6	74	0	2	4	East.—Summons Peon Sidda's house. South.—Way. West.—Land No. 1068. North.—Inam field.

REVENUE—FOREST.

No. 7953—R. F. 155-92, DATED 29TH NOVEMBER 1892.

In supersession of all existing rules on the subject, the following revised rules for the sale of timber and bamboos by public auction have been approved by His Highness the Maharaja's Government and are published for general information :—

I.—Procedure.

1. Every auction sale shall be held by the Forest Officer in charge of the District or other officer deputed by the Deputy Commissioner.
2. The highest bidder shall be the purchaser. Should any lot be disputed, it shall be again put up and resold.
3. Each purchaser shall, immediately after a lot has been knocked down to him, sign his name opposite the number and specification of the lot brought by him in a book provided for the purpose. Such signature shall be held as an admission on his part of having bought such lot.

II.—Payments how to be made.

4. Immediately after the sale, each purchaser will be furnished with a memo showing the total amount due by him and with a letter of advice to pay immediately twenty-five per cent of such amount as a deposit into the Taluk Treasury at the place, and if there is no such Treasury, to pay the same into the nearest Taluk Treasury before the close of the 3rd or 5th day from the date of the sale as cir-

circumstances may require, regard being had to the distance of the Taluk Treasury. A receipt for the deposit money will be granted by the Treasury Officer and must be presented to the Forest Officer at once if the Treasury is at the place of sale, and if otherwise, before the close of the fifth or eighth day from date of sale as fixed. The Forest Officer will initial the receipt and enter on its face the date of presentation. Should any purchaser fail to comply with this regulation, the Forest Officer shall be at liberty to resell all or any portion of the timber and bamboos purchased by such defaulter, who shall be required to make good any loss, but shall not participate in any profit on such resale. The amount due by such defaulter shall be recovered as a revenue demand.

5. The whole quantity purchased by each purchaser must be paid for within 30 days from the date of sale or within such further period not exceeding 90 days from the date of sale under the special orders of the Inspector General of Forests, failing which, the deposit money already paid in shall be forfeited to the Government and the wood or bamboos not paid for shall be resold. Moneys due may be paid into the Treasury of the Taluk in which the wood-yard is situated, or into the District Treasury, but into no other, except in cases where the merchants are permitted to pay into any other Government Treasury.

III.—Delivery of Wood.

6. No wood can be removed by any purchaser until it has been paid for in full and until a "license to remove," shall have been obtained from the Forest Officer.

IV.—Wood-yard Rent.

7. Timber and bamboos paid for under the preceding sections may be removed at any time within 30 days from date of sale, or within such further period not exceeding 90 days from date of sale, as may be fixed by the Forest Officer, as the circumstances of each case may require, without payment of wood-yard rent; but if left in the wood-yard longer than 90 days from date of sale, shall be charged with wood-yard rent at 12 per cent per annum on the amount of purchase money from date of sale. If the wood or bamboos be not removed within six months from date of sale, the same shall, after ten days' notice to the purchaser, be sold by public auction for the recovery of rent and cost, after due publicity of the sale, subject to full payment at once and immediate removal, and the balance of sale proceeds shall be paid to the original purchaser. If before such sale is concluded, the original purchaser tenders the rent due and cost, he shall be allowed to remove his wood or bamboos.

V.—Licenses to remove.

8. No wood can be removed from the wood-yard till a "license to remove timber and bamboos" signed by the Forest Officer in charge of the District shall have been obtained; and all holders of such licenses shall be bound to abide by the conditions laid down in such licenses. Any trader or other person infringing the terms of his license, or not returning his license on the expiration of the time allowed, shall be liable to be dealt with under the conditions prescribed in Section 40 of the Mysore Forest Rules. All time-expired licenses shall be considered as null and void and extension of time shall not be granted, except on the ground of special and cogent reasons and under Deputy Commissioner's orders.

VI.—General.

9. The Forest Officer shall be at liberty, with the concurrence of the Deputy Commissioner or the officer deputed by the Deputy Commissioner if such be present, and failing their presence, on his own responsibility, to stop the sale at any time without giving any reason to the intending purchasers.

No. 7954—R. F. 155-92, DATED 29TH NOVEMBER 1892.

In supersession of all existing rules on the subject, the following revised rules for the sale of sandalwood by public auction in Mysore have been approved by His Highness the Maharaja's Government and are published for general information:—

I.—Procedure.

1. Every auction sale shall be held by the Forest Officer in conjunction with the Deputy Commissioner of the District, or other officer deputed by the Deputy Commissioner.

2. The highest bidder shall be the purchaser. Should any lot be disputed, it shall be again put up and resold.

3. Each purchaser shall, immediately after a lot has been knocked down to him, sign his name opposite the number and specification of the lot bought by him in a book provided for the purpose. Such signature shall be held as an admission on his part of having bought such lot. The lot thus sold shall remain intact till weighment by the Forest Officer under para 6 of these rules.

II.—Payments how to be made.

4. Immediately after the sale, each purchaser will be furnished with a memo showing the total amount due by him and with a letter of advice to pay immediately 25 per cent of such amount as

deposit into the Taluk Treasury at the place, and if there is no such Treasury, to pay the same into the nearest Taluk Treasury before the close of the third day from the date of sale. A receipt for the deposit money will be granted by the Treasury Officer and must be presented to the Forest Officer before the close of the fifth day. The Forest Officer will initial the receipt and enter on its face the date of presentation. Should any purchaser fail to comply with this regulation, the Forest Officer shall be at liberty to resell forthwith all or any portion of the sandalwood purchased by such defaulter who shall bear any loss, but shall not participate in any profit that may arise. The amount due by such defaulter shall be recovered as a revenue demand.

5. The whole quantity purchased by each merchant must be paid for within 90 days from the date of sale. Failing which, the deposit money already paid in shall lapse to the Government and shall not be counted as part payment. The sandalwood not paid for shall be resold. Moneys due may be paid into the Treasury of the Taluk in which the Koti is situated, or into the District Treasury, but into no other, except in cases where the purchasers are permitted to pay into any other Government Treasury.

III.—Weighing out and Delivery of Wood.

6. The Forest Officer or in his absence any other officer deputed by the Deputy Commissioner, shall personally weigh out the whole quantity of wood bought by each purchaser, and thus weighing out of the wood sold in each Koti must be completed within three months from the date of sale. When weighing, should any surplus be found, it shall be taken out, and should any deficiency occur, the officer weighing will make up the full tale of wood, stamp every piece that can be stamped and take such precautions as shall preclude the lots being tampered with before final removal.

The full tale of wood having been thus once made up, all loss which may afterwards arise from driage or other causes, shall be borne entirely by the purchaser who shall be warned to attend at the weighing out of his lots. Should he not appear in person or by duly constituted agent, the Forest Officer or the officer deputed for weighing, shall weigh out, stamp and seal the lots at his own convenience, and no complaint afterwards made by the purchaser will be attended to. The expenditure incurred in weighing out wood will be borne by the Government, but all expenses necessary for the final removal of the wood from the Koti shall be borne by the purchaser. Nothing shall prevent a Forest Officer from weighing out wood to any purchaser who wants early deliver upon full payment of the amount due thereon.

7. No wood can be removed by any purchaser until it has been paid for in full and until a "license to remove" shall have been obtained from the Forest Officer.

IV.—Koti Rent.

8. Wood weighed out, stamped and paid for under the preceding sections may be removed at any time within 90 days from date of sale without payment of Koti rent. Such wood, if left in the Kotis for more than 90 days from date of sale, shall be charged with Koti rent at the rate of 4 annas per khandi or 1 rupee per ton per mensem from date of sale for superior sorts, and 2 annas per khandi or 8 annas per ton for inferior sorts such as milwa chilta and white chips. If the wood be not removed within six months from date of sale, the same shall, after ten days' notice to the purchaser, be sold by public auction for the recovery of rent and cost, after due publicity of the sale, subject to full payment at once and immediate removal, and the balance of sale proceeds shall be paid to the original purchaser. If before such sale is concluded, the original purchaser tenders the rent due and cost, he shall be allowed to remove his wood.

V. Licenses to remove.

9. No wood can be removed from the Koti till a "license to remove sandalwood" signed by the Forest Officer in charge shall have been obtained; and all holders of such licenses shall be bound to abide by the conditions laid down in such licenses. Any trader or other person infringing the terms of his license, or not returning his license on the expiration of the time allowed, shall be liable to be dealt with under the conditions prescribed in Section 40 of the Mysore Forest Rules. All time-expired licenses shall be considered as null and void and extension of time shall not be granted, except on the ground of special and cogent reasons and under Deputy Commissioner's orders.

VI.—General.

10. In conformity with standing rules, no sandalwood can be sold by private individuals within the Mysore Territories or be moved from place to place without a license to be granted by the Forest Officer in charge of the Range.

11. The Forest Officer in charge shall be at liberty, with the concurrence of the Deputy Commissioner or the officer deputed by the Deputy Commissioner, if such be present, and failing their presence, on his own responsibility, to stop the sale at any time without giving any reason to the intending purchasers.

The 11th December 1892.

No. 9699—G.F. 349—92.—The following Rules, in supersession of all Rules relating to the Mysore Local Service Examinations having been approved by the Government of His Highness the Maharaja, are published for general information:—

RULES RELATING TO THE MYSORE LOCAL SERVICE EXAMINATION.

In supersession of the orders contained in Government Notifications noted in the margin, the following Rules prescribing examinations for the appointments of Assistant Commissioners, Subordinate Judges, Munsiffs, Amildars and Deputy Amildars and officials in the special Departments of Excise, Accounts, Registration and Forests which have received the sanction of His Highness the Maharaja's Government, are published for general information. The first examinations under these Rules will be held in August 1893.

2. There shall be held annually the following Local Service Examinations, namely:—

- | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| I. Revenue Examination. | V. Accounts Examination. |
| II. Civil Examination. | VI. Registration Examination. |
| III. Criminal Examination. | VII. Forests Examination. |
| IV. Excise Examination. | |

The subjects prescribed for these examinations and the maximum number of marks assigned to each subject are given below:—

I.—REVENUE EXAMINATION.

Subjects.	Text prescribed for each subject.	Maximum Number of marks for each subject.
(a) Mysore Land Revenue Law.	Mysore Land Revenue Code (Regulation IV of 1888).	150 ✓
(b) Mysore Revenue Rules	(1) Rules passed under Section 223 of the Mysore Land Revenue Code. (2) Survey Manual (the edition of 1879), Parts, I and II, pp 3 to 48. (3) Mysore Revenue Manual (the edition of 1886), Part IV. Inam Rules, Sections 1, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 18, 19, 20, 21 and 22. Part VI. Sayer Part VII. Mohatarfa } the whole. Part VIII. Salt	100 ✓
	Total...	250

II.—CIVIL EXAMINATION.

Subjects.	Text prescribed for each subject.	Maximum Number of marks for each subject.
(a) Evidence	The Indian Evidence Act I of 1892	80
(b) Contracts, Transfer of Property and Specific Relief.	(1) The Indian Contract Act IX of 1872 (2) The Transfer of Property Act IV of 1882 (3) The Specific Relief Act I of 1877	200
(c) Hindu and Muhammadan Law.	(1) Mayne's Hindu Law and Usage (2) Shadagopacharlu's Manual of Muhammadan Law	150
(d) Torts and Easements	(1) Collett on the Law of Torts and measure of Damages (2) The Easements Act V of 1882	100

Subjects.	Text prescribed for each subject.	Maximum Number of marks for each subject.
(c) Procedure	(1) The Code of Civil Procedure Act XIV of 1882 as modified by Mysore Regulations No. II of 1884 and No. II of 1887 (2) The Indian Limitation Act XV of 1877, as amended by Acts XII of 1879 and VIII of 1880	150
	Total...	680

Note.—The questions on Hindu Law will be restricted to general principles and the doctrines followed in Southern India.

III.—CRIMINAL EXAMINATION.

Subjects.	Text prescribed for each subject.	Maximum Number of marks for each subject.
(a) Evidence	The Indian Evidence Act I of 1872	80
(b) Penal Code.	The Indian Penal Code, Act XLV of 1860 and the amending Acts XXVII of 1870 and XIX of 1872.	100
(c) Criminal Procedure	(1) The Code of Criminal Procedure Act X of 1882 as modified by Mysore Regulation I of 1888 (2) The Police Rules for the time being in force in Mysore	100
	Total....	280

IV.—EXCISE EXAMINATION.

Subjects.	Text prescribed for each subject.	Maximum Number of marks for each subject.
Excise	(1) The Excise Act XXII of 1881, as amended by Act VI of 1885 and extended to Mysore by Regulation III of 1885, and Rules framed thereunder (2) Act XVI of 1863 (an Act to make special provision for the levy of the Excise duty payable on spirits used exclusively in Arts and Manufactures or in Chemistry), as extended to Mysore by Regulation II of 1885 and Rules framed thereunder (3) The Opium Act I of 1878 and Rules framed thereunder	100
	Total....	100

V.—ACCOUNT EXAMINATION.

Subjects.	Text prescribed for each subject.	Maximum Number of marks for each subject.
Accounts	(1) Civil Account Code, Chapters I to X, 13, 15, 16, 18 to 21, 23, 24, 26 and 29 to 31 in Vol. I, 5th Edition with the forms alluded to therein; Chapters 33 to 45, 47, 48, 55 to 59, 61, 62, 67 and 70 to 74 in Vol. II, 4th Edition and the Savings Banks Rules contained in Chapter 18 of the Civil Account Code, 2nd Edition (2) The Mysore Service Regulations	100
	Total....	100

VI.—REGISTRATION EXAMINATION.

Subjects.	Text prescribed for each subject.	Maximum Number of marks for each subject.
Stamp Law and Registration	(1) The General Stamp Act I of 1879 and Rules framed thereunder	100
	(2) The Registration Act III of 1877, as amended by Act XII of 1879 and Rules passed thereunder	
	(3) The Court Fees Act VII of 1870 and Rules passed thereunder	
	Total...	100

VII.—FORESTS EXAMINATION.

Subjects.	Text prescribed for each subject.	Maximum Number of marks for each subject.
Forests	The Forest Conservancy Rules for the time being in force in Mysore	100
	Total...	100

Note.—Candidates appearing in the same year for II. Civil and III. Criminal Examinations will have to answer only one paper on the Law of Evidence.

3. The examination shall be held at such of the places noted in the margin and on such dates in the month of August of each year and at such hours as may be notified by the Secretary to the Board of Examiners.

Bangalore.
Mysore.
Hassan.
Shimoga.

Chitaldroog.
Chikmagalur.
Tumkur.
Kolar.

4. The examinations shall be conducted in English. It will be conducted in Kanerese in the case only of officers of not less than 10 year's standing in the Mysore Service, who are unacquainted with the English language.

5. Candidates who may obtain not less than $\frac{1}{4}$ th of the maximum number of marks prescribed for each subject and not less than $\frac{1}{3}$ rd of the total number of marks for all the subjects of an examination, shall be declared to have passed that examination. The successful candidates in the Revenue, Civil and Criminal Examinations will be placed in the 1st or 2nd class according, as they obtain, $\frac{2}{5}$ ths or $\frac{1}{3}$ rd of the aggregate number of marks in all the subjects.

6. No person who has not passed the examinations specified below will be eligible for the appointments noted opposite to them :—

Examinations.	Appointments.
Revenue, Civil and Criminal	Assistant Commissioner, Subordinate Judge or Munsiff.
Revenue and Criminal	Amildar or Deputy Amildar.
Excise	Officers and subordinates of the Excise Department of certain grades, to be notified hereafter.
Accounts	Subordinates of the Comptroller's office and in District Treasuries of certain grades, to be notified hereafter.
Registration	Sub-Registrars and subordinates of the Registration Department of certain grades, to be notified hereafter.
Forests	Officers and subordinates of the Forest Department of certain grades, to be notified hereafter.

7. (a) Persons who have passed the examination prescribed for the degree of Bachelor or Master of Laws in any Indian University, will be exempted from passing the Civil and Criminal Examinations under these rules.

- (b) Persons who have passed the examination for Pleaders of the 1st grade held by the Chief Court under Government Notification No. 187, dated 12th December 1884, or the Civil and Criminal Examinations held under Government Notification No. 215, dated 29th January 1885, will be exempted from passing the Civil and Criminal Examinations under these Rules.
- (c) Persons who have passed the Revenue Examination held under Government Notification No. 215, dated 29th January 1885, will be exempted from passing the Revenue, Excise, Forests, Registration and Account Examinations under these rules.
- (d) Persons who have passed the Judicial and Revenue Tests for Amildars, prescribed by Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 121, dated 24th June 1871, will be exempted from passing the Revenue, Criminal, Excise, Forests, Registration and Account Examinations under these Rules.
- (e) Persons who have passed the Lower Standard, Judicial and Revenue Examinations under the Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 63, dated 5th July 1869, or No. 249, dated 15th December 1873, or No. 175, dated 23rd October 1878, will be exempted from passing the Revenue, Criminal, Excise, Forests, Registration and Account Examinations under these Rules.
- (f) Persons who have passed the Higher Standard Examination under the Notifications quoted in the last preceding clause, will be exempted from passing the Civil Examination under these Rules.
- (g) Persons who have passed the Judicial, Revenue and Finance Examinations under the Chief Commissioner's Notification, dated 7th April 1880, will be exempted from passing respectively the Civil and Criminal, the Revenue, Excise, Forests, Registration and the Account Examinations under these Rules.
- (h) Persons who have passed the Local Munsiff's Test, prescribed by Chief Commissioner's letter to the Judicial Commissioner No. 6767—160, dated 14th March 1874, will be exempted from passing the Civil and Criminal Examinations under these Rules.
- (i) Persons who have passed the Madras Special Test Examinations, Civil and Criminal Higher Grade, held before the 31st December 1886, shall be exempted from passing respectively the Civil and Criminal Examinations prescribed by these Rules.

8. Notwithstanding anything contained in the foregoing rule, the Government reserve to themselves the power to exempt from passing the Civil Examination any person who has for a period of not less than 10 years satisfactorily discharged the duties of Amildar or Assistant Superintendent of Revenue Survey or both, when such officer is promoted to the Grade of Assistant Commissioner.

9. Persons possessed of either of the following qualifications shall be entitled to present themselves for any of the examinations above specified :—

- (a) Any person who has been for not less than five years in the service of Government, or employed in Municipalities in Mysore, or in institutions maintained by the State out of Provincial Revenues, or Local Funds, or from the Palace Budget or under the British Resident in Mysore, or who may hold an appointment as above, the substantive salary of which is not less than Rs. 25 per month, and who produces a certificate from his official superior as to (1) the length of his service and present substantive salary, (2) the efficient manner in which he has discharged his duties and (3) his respectability of character and good moral conduct, or,
- (b) Any person who produces a certificate of having passed the First Examination in Arts or other higher examination in Arts of any Indian University and also a certificate from the Principal of the College in which he was educated or from a Mysore Officer of and above the rank of a Deputy Commissioner, of his being by respectability of character and good moral conduct a fit candidate for admission into the Mysore Public Service.

10. Any Advocate of the Chief Court of Mysore shall also be entitled to present himself for the Revenue, Excise, Forests, Registration and Accounts Examinations above specified, upon production of his certificate or other proof of enrolment as such Advocate.

11. Every candidate must produce a certificate of his being above 20 years of age and of his physical fitness for the Public Service from a Medical officer of or above the grade of a Civil Surgeon.

12. Every candidate must send his application to the Secretary to the Board of Examiners, so that it may reach him on or before the 31st March of each year.

13. Every candidate must pay into a District or a Taluk Treasury in the Mysore Province an admission fee calculated as follows for each examination he wishes to present himself for :—

	Rs.		Rs.
For I. Revenue Examination ..	7	For V. Accounts Examination ..	5
For II. Civil Examination ..	12	For VI. Registration Examination ..	5
For III. Criminal Examination ..	7	For VII. Forests Examination ..	5
For IV. Excise Examination ..	5		

14. Every application should be in the subjoined form and be accompanied by—

- (1) the certificates prescribed by paras 9 and 10 and 11.
- (2) a Treasury officer's receipt for payment of the fee prescribed by para 13.

Form of application for admission into the Mysore Local Service Examinations.

Name of Applicant.	Father's Name.	Residence.	Age.	Whether Applicant claims admission under Rule (a) or Rule (b) or Rule 10.	If Applicant is in the Public Service.			Examination for which, and the place where, the Candidate wishes to appear, and language.	Examination, if any, which the Candidate has already passed.	Description of Enclosures produced.		
					Date of commencement of service.	Designation of present appointment.	Present substantive pay.			Certificate of qualifications under Rules 9 and 10.	Certificate of age and physical fitness under Rule 11.	Receipt of fee paid under the Rules.

The 24th December 1892.

No. 9758—R. 2037-92.—Under the provisions of Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act X of 1870, it is hereby declared that the lands described in the annexed schedule are required for a public purpose, that is, for the Northern Extension of the Bangalore City :—

No.	District.	Taluk.	Hobli.	Village.	Name of Owner.	Survey No.	Extent.		Description.	Boundaries.
							Acres.	Guntas.		
	Bangalore.	Bangalore.	Halasur.	Hauumantapur.	Baira, son of Subbanna.	Portion of 38.	1	25 ¹ / ₂	Dry land and a house 8 ankanams	East.—By the land taken up by Government. West.—By portion of Survey No. 38 left to Baira. North.—By the land taken up by Government. South.—By portion of Survey No. 38 left to Chikka Giriappa.
					Malvalli Chikka Giriappa.	Portion of 38.	0	20 ¹ / ₂		East.—By Baira's land now proposed to be taken up. West.—Portion of Survey No. 38 left to the owner. North.—Portion of Survey No. 38 left to Baira. South.—By Tumkur Road.

The 26th December 1892.

No. 9878—G. F. 217-92.—Narasanna, Amildar of the Nanjangud Taluk, is permitted as a special case to avail himself of the unexpired portion of the privilege leave granted him in Notification No. 1905—G. 467-92, of 13th August 1892, viz., 26 days which were cancelled by Notification No. 5923—G. F. 217-92, dated 27th October last.

The 27th December 1892.

No. 9890—G. 2315-92.—Under Section 37 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, Mr. N. Cheluvaiengar, Munsiff of Holé-Narsipur, is invested with the power to commit for trial (Section 206, Criminal Procedure Code), and under Section 357 of the said Code, he is directed to take down the evidence of witnesses with his own hand in the English language.

The 28th December 1892.

No. 9881—G. 2307-92.—Under Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, Mr. Laing-Meason, Probationary Assistant Commissioner, in charge of the Tumkur District Treasury, is hereby invested with the powers of a Magistrate of the 3rd Class.

The 9th January 1893.

No. 10090—G. 2365-92.—The following extract from the Notification of the Government of India, dated the 3rd January 1893, is published for general information:—

"NOTIFICATION.

"His Excellency the Grand Master of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India is pleased to announce that Her Majesty the Queen, Empress of India, has been graciously pleased to make the following appointments to the said Order:—

To be Knights Commanders.

Kumarapuram Sheshadri Aiyar, C.S.I., Dewan of Mysore.

By Order of the Grand Master,

(Signed) H. M. DURAND,
*Secretary to the Most Exalted
Order of the Star of India.*

The 11th January 1893.

No. 10155—G. 2379-92.—Under Article 172 of the Mysore Service Regulations, Mr. K. R. Srinivasaiengar, B. A., Probationary Assistant Commissioner, Dewan's Office, is granted 6 day's casual leave of absence with effect from the 16th instant.

1. The petition box kept at the Dewan's Office, Bangalore, will be cleared at 12 noon every day, by the Chief Secretary, and in his absence from Bangalore by the Under-Secretary.
2. Petitioners will be heard at the Office of the Dewan at 3 p. m. on every Thursday.

By Order,
T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.